



WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 21, 1894.

THAT a correspondent in another column is blinded by his prejudice is made plain by the following well-known facts: None of the benefits that were confidently prophesied to result from the repeal of the silver bill has been received, indeed the country is in worse condition now than it was before that bill was repealed: Mr. Lamont, on the part of the administration, agreed to the Maynard nomination in New York, but many of the democrats of that State were so dissatisfied and provoked with the acts of the administration that they refused to go to the polls, and allowed their State, which had elected two democratic U. S. Senators, thereby securing control of the U. S. Senate, to relapse into radical republicanism; so far are the people from backing the administration, that at every election held since last summer, in any State, the same lack of democratic enthusiasm and a similar loss of democratic votes have been manifested, except in New York city, where the democratic vote was increased; and the statement that the U. S. Senate has usurped executive functions by declining to confirm nominations for the highest court in the land, either reported upon adversely by the committee to which they were referred, or reported without recommendation, as had often been done, before and since the war—twice during the Grant administration, is not compatible with the reputation for intelligence with which the correspondent is credited, wherever known, and to which he is well entitled.

THE fact that the city of Columbia, South Carolina, which was ruthlessly burned by General Sherman, still maintains the office of town-crier, helps "Colonel" Cockerill, whose only recorded military service was to beat the base drum in an Ohio regiment, the present editor of the *N. Y. Advertiser*, who now denounces Mr. Cleveland to the full extent of his limited vocabulary, though a few years ago he loved him so that he discharged a reporter who refused to tell a lie in his behalf, "to understand how it is that the South is still groping around in the darkness of semi-barbarity." But the gallant "Colonel's" understanding is as much at fault in this as it is in many other matters.

THE ADVOCATES of the straight Wilson bill denounce those who desire to amend that bill as log rollers, attempting to protect certain special industries. And this too, though the bill referred to does protect special industries of New England manufacturers to the enormous extent of four dollars on every ten dollars worth of their products, and though the "log rollers," who are really in favor of free trade if made general, are naturally opposed to a bill which, while protecting the products of Massachusetts with a forty per cent. tariff, removes every cent of protection from the Virginia coal, by the consumption of which northern protected manufacturers are made.

THE democratic U. S. Senate yesterday spent the whole of an executive session in the consideration of General Joe Shelby's nomination for U. S. marshal for Missouri, and then adjourned without confirming it. A republican Senate confirmed the nominations of General Longstreet and Colonel Mosby without any difficulty. But there is a vast difference between twaddle, dum and twiddlede.

THE New York Times, mugwump and anti-snapper, recently apologized to the hyena for comparing it to Senator Hill. And yet the whole country is indebted to the Senator for the best equipped justice on the Supreme Bench.

GENERAL WASHINGTON hadn't much good opinion of an education that did not include moral teaching; and yet there are people who say the fountain head of morality, the Bible, must not be taught in the public schools.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21, 1894.

Mr. Mills has withdrawn from the Senate committee on finance. Last night the Senator spoke confidently of the success of the tariff bill, and predicted that it would be ready to report this week. This morning Mr. Mills said: "I am not a member of the committee and only went on it in an emergency. Mr. Vest came to me and said that Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, was ill; Mr. McPherson was away from the city sick, and Mr. Vance was down in Florida trying to recuperate his health, and he wanted me to join with him in getting the bill in some sort of shape so that the work could be done in good time. Under such conditions I went to work with him and Mr. Jones, who was soon thereafter able to join us. There has never been, really, any subcommittee. Mr. McPherson has recovered and is now in the Senate doing his work; and, being a member of the committee, it is no more than right that he should go on with it in my stead, as I was but temporarily filling his place. I have all the work I can do without taking this upon myself, although when the bill comes to the Sen-

ate I will do all I can to assist the committee."

Among the strangers on the floor of the House to-day was ex-Representative Fulkerson of the 9th Virginia district. He is on his way to New York, but stopped here to see if a Virginian could not be appointed postmaster at Bristol, instead of a Tennessean. He called at the White House in reference to the matter. The President told him the Tennesseans were after the place, but the Virginians were pretty good at such business. He remarked to the President that he was glad to see that Senator Daniel's speech supported his Hawaiian policy. To this the President replied, the speech was a good one and that he intended to read it.

The impression of some of the best informed democratic Senators on the subject to-day, is that when the new tariff bill shall leave the Senate it will provide for a revenue tariff on coal.

A gentleman from Leesburg now here says Col. White and Capt. Lynch commenced the examination of the applications of Messrs. Harper and Norris for the postmastership there to-day, in order to report to Congressman Meredith which of them bears the names of the greater number of democratic voters, and that they declined to be interfered with by any body else. He also says that Mr. W. D. Hempstone has been appointed clerk of the county court, vice Littleton, deceased.

The House judiciary committee this morning gave a hearing to a delegation of woman suffragists, headed by Miss Susan B. Anthony. Among those present were Mrs. Virginia Young, of South Carolina, and Mrs. Marion Deboe, of Georgia. Miss Anthony said what they desire is a constitutional amendment, prohibiting the States of the Union from disfranchising women. They feel that as much should be done for them as has been done for the negro. She then introduced Rev. Anna Shaw, who ridiculed the suggestion that suffrage was not granted to woman because only a few women asked for it. They had presented to legislatures petitions bearing 30,000 names, and they were always met with the same smile, "Ladies, when we are satisfied that you want suffrage and when you ask for it in sufficient numbers, you shall have it." And so it went. When she had finished Miss Anthony said: "I now take pleasure in introducing you another Reverend gentleman." Another Reverend gentleman queried one of the ladies present, "Never mind," said Miss Anthony smiling. "The sentence is more than half completed, the Reverend Ida C. Hutton, of Illinois, gentlemen." Mrs. Hutton presented the moral as well as the logical side of the question and was followed by Mrs. Virginia Young, of South Carolina. Mrs. Young addressed the committee as "My Brothers," and based her argument on the ground that women, especially in the South, are "too much undisciplined," as she expressed it. The southern women, she contended, needed responsibilities to develop them, and she believed that they would be better women and more useful women if suffrage were given to them. The delegates also addressed the woman suffrage committee of the Senate in the Marble Room. The only members of that committee present were Messrs. Hoar and Blackburn, while Senator Hill, of New York, generously joined with his colleagues to make a showing, the majority of the committee being said to be either sick or out of town. Mrs. Pickler of South Dakota, wife of Representative Pickler, spoke of the suffrage cause in her State and said that if the women were asked why they waited to vote they would give as their reasons those given by the men. Miss Howell of Columbus, Ga., spoke of the suffrage movement in the South; and Mrs. Standbury of Colorado, spoke of the effort of women to secure the ballot in Colorado.

A delegation of Richmond tobacco dealers met Senators Daniel and Hutton at the Metropolitan Hotel here to-day and urged them to do what could be done to relieve them of some of the burdens imposed by the proposed tariff bill.

The House committee on fisheries this morning took up the bill to afford shade and herring a spawning ground in the Potomac by prohibiting fishing in the waters of the District of Columbia, but as a quorum was not present nothing could be done. Capt. Jas. Elliott of Alexandria, a Potomac river fisherman appeared before the committee and explained well and satisfactorily to those who were present the object of the bill, and the good it is expected to accomplish. If a quorum had been present it is thought the bill would have been favorably reported.

The President has accepted the resignation of H. H. Smith, Assistant Register of the Treasury, to take effect to-day.

A telegram was received here to-day from Swan's wharf, Nanjimy Stores, on the Potomac, stating that Mr. S. T. Chandler, a well-known farmer of Charles county, Md., was drowned there yesterday.

Orders were to-day issued closing all the executive departments to-morrow, February 22, in honor of Washington's birthday, which, under the law, is a national holiday.

Representative Barthold of Missouri, republican, to-day introduced a bill making February 12th, the anniversary of Lincoln's birthday, a national holiday.

CONGRESSIONAL.—In the Senate yesterday Mr. Daniel concluded his speech on the Hawaiian question, and while supporting warmly the course that had been followed by the administration, he declared there was now nothing to do but to recognize the new government. Mr. Manderson introduced a bill providing for the examination of national banks. Mr. Vest called up the bill to provide additional accommodations for the government printing office, and pending its consideration, the Senate went into executive session. Mr. Peffer presented a proposition to amend the rules of the Senate so as to provide that executive sessions shall be held with open doors.

In the House Mr. Black introduced a bill to limit patent grants to ten years and a reissue to five years, so that the life of no patent shall have a term longer than fifteen years. The House committee on judiciary has ordered a favorable report upon the bill of Mr. Oates, to limit the tenure of office of justices of the Supreme Court and judges of the United States courts to ten years. The deadlock over the seigniorage bill remained unbroken.

Father Phelan, of St. Louis, has received a reply to his letter sent to Archbishop Satolli asking to be sustained in his course toward Bishop Bonacum in the recent trial of that prelate for alleged libel of Father Corbett. The letter, it is said, is a complete vindication of Father Phelan's course.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Second Congressional Church at Rockford, Ill., was burned yesterday. Loss \$100,000.

The Rochester State Hospital was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss \$120,000; no insurance.

President Cleveland will leave Saturday next for a ten-days' gunning trip in the sounds of North Carolina.

Senator Gibson, of Maryland, considers a caucus of democratic members of the Senate on the tariff bill inevitable. The President sent to the Senate yesterday the nomination of Martin J. Russell to be collector of customs at the port of Chicago.

Joseph Kepler, the caricaturist, the editor and proprietor of *Puck*, died at his residence, in New York, on Monday evening, in the fifty-sixth year of his age.

Important notes have been exchanged between France and Russia upon the corn duties question, the latter country threatening to terminate the Franco-Russian treaty if the duties derange export trade.

Advices from Rio Janeiro state that Admiral Da Gama has a full supply of provisions and is prepared to maintain his position until troops from the South can march upon Rio. Admiral Melo, on the Republica, has returned to Rio.

A demonstration from the unemployed was made on the Boston commons yesterday afternoon, which for a time threatened to end in a riot. Five thousand men crowded into the State House and the adjoining grounds and vociferously demanded immediate aid in their distress.

A terrible tragedy was enacted at the Grand Central depot at Houston, Texas, yesterday. The central figure being James R. Mitchell, and the trouble growing out of an old feud. Milton Sparks, U. S. Attorney, a constable, and an omnibus driver were killed. Mrs. Sparks was badly wounded, as was also a child she carried in her arms.

Galusha A. Grow, republican, who was Speaker of the Thirty-seventh Congress of the United States, was elected Congressman at large in Pennsylvania yesterday to succeed the late William Lilly. The democratic candidate was James Denton Hancock. The republican plurality in Philadelphia will probably reach 90,000. Returns from the State indicate a plurality for Grow of more than 135,000.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Dr. J. Taylor was found dead in bed at his home, near Culpeper, on Sunday.

Benjamin Rawlings, formerly commissioner of revenue in Orange county, is dead, aged seventy-eight years.

The citizens of Fredericksburg oppose the proposed Manassas and Richmond railroad unless it is to pass through their city.

The democratic legislative caucus last night nominated Thos. A. Wickham for judge of the Henrico county court. Mr. W. H. Sands had been endorsed by the bar of the county.

The Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, met in annual session in Richmond, last night, and was called to order by Grand Chancellor W. L. McLeod, of Suffolk. But little business was done. The banquet to the Grand Lodge was a splendid affair.

Mr. Malvern C. Patterson, of Richmond, and Miss Juanita Massie, of Charlottesville, were married yesterday in the University chapel by the Rev. H. P. Lee, of the Episcopal Church, assisted by Rev. J. William Jones, chaplain to the University of Virginia.

There was a cocking main near Petersburg yesterday between cocks from Virginia and North Carolina. There were nine fights, seven of which were won by North Carolina chickens. Five of the Virginia cocks were killed. But little money changed hands on the result of the fight.

The Governor has approved the bill authorizing the purchasers of the Richmond and Danville railroad, to be a corporation, to adopt a name therefor, and to possess and exercise general powers, and authorizing the leasing to or by and the consolidation of the corporation.

"INTERMEDIATE HOP."—The intermediate "hop" given by the Cleveland High School boys, Monday night, Feb. 19th, was a brilliant success. The committee deserve a great deal of credit for the manner in which they surmounted obstacles. The business managers, Messrs. L. R. Mason and H. Shacklett will be gratefully remembered by all present, for a most enjoyable evening. With Mrs. H. S. Ashby as chairman, nothing was left unsupplied which was necessary to the pleasure of all present. The floor was in an excellent condition and the music, which was furnished by Prof. Speak Dugan's orchestra, was all that one's heart and soul could wish. Unfortunately we could not obtain the names of all the ladies present and to those whose names we omit we offer our most humble apologies. The Misses Lawson from Upperville, in pink satin with white lace and crushed strawberry with flowers; Miss Sophie Carter, one of Loudoun's loveliest daughters, was too "utterly utter" in green satin and white lace and violets; Miss Emma Asby in black and yellow satin; Miss Baxley, from Markham, in black satin; Miss Lucy Rust, from Front Royal, in black lace and yellow flowers; the Misses Smith, one in black and mull and yellow satin and one in silver grey tulle; The Misses Colonne in white swiss and lace and one in white swiss with cameo and flowers. We will mention the guests only among the gentlemen. The students will pardon our omission of their names as the lack of space will not permit it. Among those from a distance were: Messrs. Roy Baxley, of Markham; R. C. and D. R. Mason, of Marshall; Dr. Ramey, of Marshall; Henry Scott, of Upperville; Armistead Carter and Arthur Hall, of Loudoun; F. W. Hornbaker, R. L. Hixon and S. A. Wolfe, of Manassas; Dulany DeButts, of Linden; Wm. Turner, of Broad Run; H. Gibson, of Paris. None will regret being present and all will with one voice say that it was a long to be remembrance occasion and one that afforded a vast amount of pleasure to all present.

Delaplane, Va., Feb. 20.

Salvation Oil, the greatest pain-cure on earth is compounded of the best and purest drugs known to medical science. It is guaranteed to contain nothing of mineral or poisonous character. It is especially recommended to ladies for chapped hands and face; and for chilblains, which they are so apt to contract by wearing thin slippers in cold weather.

LEGISLATIVE.

Bills were introduced in the Senate yesterday to create a shell fish commission for the State of Virginia, and to provide for them a clerk.

The fellow-servant bill came up again as a continuing order. Mr. Watts addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill, which went over until to-day.

A bill was introduced in the House to amend the act of last session in relation to the assessment of taxes on pensions, property, and incomes, and on the incomes and on license, to transact business and imposing taxes thereon for the support of the government and public free schools, and to pay the interest on the public debt, and prescribing the mode of obtaining licenses to sell wine, ardent spirits, malt liquors or any mixture thereon in cases where court certificates are required.

There was a lively debate in the House on the bill to create a State Embalming Board. During the discussion Mr. Pilcher made a humorous reference to how people are buried in Buckingham. Mr. Patterson returned the compliment a few minutes later by declaring that in Mr. Pilcher's county the dead have to be buried with a bag of fertilizer under their heads to make them rise up on the day of resurrection. The bill was finally recommittees.

The Governor's message on the oyster question was read in the House in Col. Biggers' most grandiloquent style and when it was asked if Virginia would tamely submit to the high handed lawlessness of Maryland marauders, there were vigorous cries of "Never! Never!" Col. Gibson moved that the Governor of Virginia be authorized to declare war against all enemies of bivalves. It was finally decided, however, to refer the matter to the committee of Chesapeake and tributaries to report by bill or otherwise.

A joint resolution so amends section 5 of article ten of the Constitution of Virginia as to provide that the Legislature may require every male inhabitant of the State between the ages of 16 and 60 years to work on the public roads and highways therein, not to exceed four days in any one year, subject to such exemptions as the Legislature may from time to time prescribe. It was placed on the calendar.

A bill was offered to require the recordation of liens by the Virginia Mutual Insurance Society and other similar insurance companies.

At 12:45 o'clock the Senate and House had for the joint order the election of judges for the corporation and chancery courts of Norfolk. Mr. Thos. H. Wilcox was chosen for the former position and Mr. Wm. B. Martin for the latter.

The insurance bill, of which Mr. Irvine is patron, was considered by the House committee on finance. Mr. Jas. P. Harrison, of Danville, appeared before the body and secured an amendment exempting from the \$10,000 bond clause, fire insurance companies operating under the mutual plan, and doing business in only four adjacent counties in this State.

In the Senate on Monday evening a bill was introduced to transfer all funds in the treasury to the credit of the "Internal Improvement Fund," and to transfer all amounts that may be received in dividends from the State's interest in internal improvements to the sinking fund.

The House passed the bill to amend the act to incorporate the Alexandria and Fairfax Passenger Railway Co.

The House bills were introduced to amend and re-enact section 1496 of the code in relation to the exclusion of persons suffering with contagious diseases, or who have not been vaccinated. The special feature of the bill is that no one who has not been vaccinated shall be allowed to teach in the schools of the Commonwealth; and to regulate and protect the crabs and industry, and to prohibit non-residents from catching crabs in the waters of Virginia.

The House passed the Senate bill to repeal certain sections of the code in reference to proceedings to try genuineness of coupons, approved February 22, 1890, and also to repeal sections 409, 410, 411, 412, 414, 415, 536, 537, 538, 540 and 541, which sections relate to the genuineness of coupons tendered for taxes.

AN OYSTERSMAN'S BATTLE.—The dredgers and the Virginia fishery force had a severe conflict Monday night. A large fleet of boats was engaged in dredging on Woman's Marsh when Captain Reed came up and fired his cannon four times at them. The dredgers replied with their rifles and compelled Reed to withdraw. Then the steamer Chesapeake entered the engagement and put the dredgers to flight. A large number of the boats sailed for White's Cove, but on their way, two of them, the Price and the Stevenson, ran aground and were captured. These boats when taken were at least four miles within the Maryland line. During the conflict the firing was very rapid. One boat is said to have had 1,000 cartridges on board and after the engagement there were only five left. One boat was struck several times by cannon balls. Her pump and binacle were shot away and a hole was made in her side. The fight could be seen plainly from Crisfield, from the roof of Odd-Fellows' Hall; the white sails of the boats and the flashes of the guns could be discerned and the scene was exciting.

Governor O'Ferrall last night received this telegram from Captain Hudgins, commander of the schooner Chesapeake: "Had a spirited engagement last night with fifteen or twenty Maryland dredgers in Tangier sound. Succeeded in capturing the schooners W. E. Price and C. W. Stevenson, both of Crisfield, Md., together with their crews, except captain, who escaped in a yawl. Drove the rest out of Virginia waters. All captives delivered to the authorities of Accomac county." The Governor telegraphed Captain Hudgins his congratulations.

DIED.

On Tuesday, February 20, 1894, JOHN M. DOHERTY, beloved husband of Minnie Deiter, son of John and the late Catherine Doherty.

Jesus, whither our hearts are bleeding
O'er the spoils that death has won.
We would at this solemn meeting
Calmly say, Thy will be done.

Though cast down, we're not forgotten;
Though afflicted, not alone;
Thou didst give and Thou hast taken.
Blessed Lord, Thy will be done.

Funeral from his late residence, corner of Columbus and Water streets, at 9:30 a. m., Thursday, thence to St. Mary's Church where high mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

BEST GRANULATED SUGAR 5c at J. C. MILEVANS.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Colleagues Have Their "Fun." ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Last night the freshmen of Cornell University held their banquet and the sophomores had their "fun." The street was filled with students long before nine o'clock, ready to use every effort to spoil the freshman's evening. The whole police force was stationed nearby, ready to quell any serious trouble. About ten o'clock the freshmen reached Tioga street when a rush ensued. The freshmen were attacked from all sides; faces were punched, hats smashed, and a general melee ensued in which the officers were tossed about like chaff. The rush was only ended when the last freshmen was safely in the hall. Things went along smoothly until about 11 o'clock, when a colored woman was brought out in an unconscious condition. She was taken to a physician and an attempt made to resuscitate her but all means proved of no avail, and a few moments later she died. Soon afterwards a number of students were carried out.

The efforts to revive them proved more successful, and they recovered sufficiently to be carried to their boarding places. The smell of gas was very strong all through the building and room after room was broken into, to find the cause, which was finally discovered directly under the kitchen of the banquet hall. On a table stood a large jug, corked, from which two rubber tubes ran up to the ceiling through holes in the floor, thus spreading in the room above the gas generated from the jug, which was found to be chlorine. There is no clue to the party who had been guilty of this dastardly piece of business.

Foreign News.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The police have made twelve arrests in connection with yesterday's bomb explosion. Among those taken into custody is a man named Bastard, who is supposed to be the person who placed the bomb in the room where it exploded.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SENATE.

After the routine morning business of the Senate in which the presentation of remonstrances against the Wilson tariff bill was the only thing noticeable Mr. Allen offered a resolution calling on the attorney-general for the statement as to whether he had recently given to the secretary of the treasury an official opinion that silver certificates were not lawful money, and for a copy of such opinion and all correspondence on the subject. With a slight verbal modification the resolution was agreed to.

Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the committee on finance, denied in the most positive manner a statement made in the Washington dispatches of a Philadelphia paper as to the action of the democratic members of the committee, who are represented as having gone to the White House and consulted with the President as to certain items in the tariff bill.

He declared that there was not the slightest, faintest trace of truth in a single word or syllable in it. He was asked by Mr. Chandler as to the composition of the committee—whether Mr. Mills, of Texas, or Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, was a member of it, or whether both were members.

Mr. Chandler was informed that he could get the information he sought from the *Record* and he should not be "speering" as to what the committee was doing. The Senator from Texas, Mr. Voorhees said, was doing magnificent work and was one of the mainstays of the committee. He did not know what the Senator from New Hampshire was after.

Mr. Sherman, republican, of Ohio, one of the members of the finance committee, declared that the tariff bill, as it came from the House, had never been before the committee proper, and that no republican member of that committee had been called into consultation.

He was asked by Mr. Chandler if he knew who the members of the finance committee were, and whether Mr. Mills was one, or Mr. McPherson. His reply was that both could not be members and that he understood that Mr. Mills was performing the duty of Mr. McPherson on account of the illness of the latter.

Mr. Platt insisted upon the right of the Senate to know which of those two Senators was a member of the committee on finance, and acting on the subcommittee. He was informed by Mr. Vest that there never had been a subcommittee on the tariff, and that the statement had grown out of the active imagination which characterized the modern newspaper reporter.

The discussion which was started by Mr. Voorhees's personal explanation continued at length and at times took a character of sharp personal animosity between Senators Chandler and Vest. Senators Mills and McPherson stated their relative positions in connection with the subcommittee on the tariff.

When the discussion closed Mr. White began to address the Senate on the subject of the Hawaiian annexation.

HOUSE.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. Reed suggested that a report was in order from the Sergeant-at-Arms respecting his actions under the order to arrest absentees so that the House might know how the poll stood. Colonel Snow thereupon reported that all absentees were either in the city or en route hither, except the sick and excused ones, and seven who have been sent for by authorized deputies.

Mr. Reed.—Has the gentleman from

Ohio, (Mr. Johnson), who is reported in a Cleveland telegram this morning to be so defiant of the authority of the House been sent for?

The Speaker.—The chair is informed that a deputy has been sent to arrest him.

Mr. Reed.—Are any of the Representatives here under arrest?

Mr. Snow.—There have been no further arrests.

Mr. Reed.—I should like to ask why you had no difficulty in arresting half a dozen republicans.

Mr. Snow.—Mr. Speaker, I would like some information. Am I expected to arrest members upon the floor of the House?

The Speaker.—The Sergeant-at-Arms is expected to execute the warrants presented to him.

The Sergeant-at-Arms retired to carry out his instructions; and the committees were called for reports.

When the list had been concluded, Mr. Bland asked unanimous consent that members under arrest be excused without being brought before the bar of the House.

Mr. Reed.—I shall have to object. Our members were paraded here in front, and we want to see yours.

The Sergeant-at-Arms not being ready to report, Mr. Bland moved to go into committee of the whole on his bill to coin the seigniorage of the treasury silver bullion, and on that motion demanded the previous question.

Mr. Reed said he thought the House should first dispose of the cases of the members under arrest.

Several members called for the regular order.

Mr. Reed.—This is the regular order. The Speaker informed the gentleman from Maine that the Sergeant-at-Arms had not yet executed the order committed to him.

Mr. Reed.—Of course, if no one is under arrest, there is no ground for complaint.

Without a division on ordering the previous question on his motion Mr. Bland called for the yeas and nays, and they were ordered.

The vote resulted: Yeas, 159; nays 11—nine less than a quorum.

At the announcement of the result Mr. Bland moved a call of the House which was ordered. It showed 271 members in the hall. The proceedings under the call were dispensed with and another vote taken.

The second vote resulted: Yeas, 167; nays, 10. This was a loss of three from the first vote and 12 short of a quorum.

When Mr. Bland made the usual motion for a call of the House, Mr. Reed interjected: "It seems to me that the House might better occupy this time in discussing the bill, than in wasting it as the gentleman from Missouri persists in doing."

Mr. McMillin.—And when will the gentleman from Maine agree to vote?

Mr. Reed.—When we get through. Speaker Crisp directed the reporters not to take note of the colloquy proceeding out of order. "Gentlemen cannot," he said, "make statements out of order and hope to get them in the *Record*."

At 2:45 the House was in the depths of a filibustering tangle from which it will take an hour or more to extricate itself. No progress seem to be in sight to-day.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Congressmen Wilson and Tarsney have arrived at Aguas Calientes, Mex. Chairman Wilson is far from well as yet.

Rear Admiral Stanton and 19 officers and 182 men of the ill-fated Kearsarge arrived at the New York quarantine this morning shortly after 10 o'clock on the Colon steamer City of Para.

Mrs. Sophie Bersford, of San Francisco, has just died from glanders, which she caught from a horse purchased from a dealer named Forrester. Her face after death presented a horrible sight.

The indications are that complete returns will increase the plurality of Grow, republican, for congressman-at-large in Pennsylvania, to at least 160,000. This is the largest plurality ever given by the State.

The first steamer to cross the Atlantic burning only liquid fuel was the British steamer Baku-Standard, which arrived at Philadelphia yesterday from Shields, England. Petroleum residuum was her only fuel.

A disastrous fire occurred in the business portion of Quincy, Ill., early this morning. Before the flames could be gotten under control, the total damage had reached over \$175,000. Watchman John Sullivan was imprisoned on the upper floor of the Incubator works and was overcome by smoke. His condition is critical.

The property which Governor and Mrs. McKinley conveyed to trustees last year, when the Governor assigned, has been transferred back to them. This result is due to the efforts of the trustees who, when they received the trust, decided to raise the money with which to meet the Governor's obligations. This has been fully done by private subscription.

Capital Stock Farm.

LINCOLNIA, FAIRFAX CO., VA.

Standing for public service.—Registered JERSEY BULL, Duke of Princeton. Registered BEEHIVE BOAR. For sale—Eggs from purebred. Pekin DUCKS and Brown LEOPARD CHICKENS. Also 20 Ewes in Lamb and one BUCK. One BAY GELDING, 15½ hands. Prompt driver and extra roadster. Address: FRANK PEELER, Superintendent.

The Rejection of Peckham.

To the Editor of the *Alexandria Gazette*.

In an editorial of the 17th inst., your remark that the recent rejection by the Senate of the nomination to the U. S. Supreme Court of Wheeler H. Peckham, of New York, must have been proper, as such democrats as Senators Daniel, Gorman, Coke, Pugh, Vest, Coker, Vance and others were among those who voted for it. It may not be of much interest now to discuss the question, but I cannot refrain from submitting that a large majority at least of your readers, and as I judge a large majority of the people of the country utterly dissent from the view you express. They consider the votes of the democratic members, so far from being conclusive that any line of action is to be pursued rather in the contrary direction. They remember the course of most of them in the silver credit bill; and they consider the credit for political sagacity to men who, more than two years ago openly demanded that Cleveland could not possibly be nominated, and could not possibly be elected. It is a few months since Senator Hill, by doing up an improper nomination, wrecked his own career in the State of New York, and the same day of two nominations (the latest at that time) of which was absolutely imprudent, simply the temporary triumph of an irresponsible politician in the democratic party over its illustrious head. It is not a triumph which ought to afford Mr. Hill much satisfaction, if only from the fact that he was not a republican ally; and it is not a triumph that should occasion the President any annoyance when he reflects that the United States are backing him. To what thing is an intelligent citizen, the part of the upper House, to do? He is legislative to usurp executive functions, to substitute the tyranny of an irresponsible oligarchy behind closed doors, without any like other conspirators, they have not the kind of government provided by the constitution. As such it deserves that such a reprobation of every lover of our institutions.

L. M. H.

Fairfax county, Va., Feb. 20.

A reckless disregard of the rights of health stamps the character of many a man. This temerity crops out on every occasion. You can never make such a man understand that a cough is a premonition of consumption and a standing menace to his life. The stages are first the ordinary cough, then the tubercle, hacking cough and last consumption. Let him heed the friendly warning and learn to cure the affection at its first stage with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

DRY GOODS.